

Periodic Table of the Elements

Period	1 I A	2 II A	3 III B	4 IV B	5 V B	6 VI B	7 VII B	8 VIII B	9 VIII B	10 VIII B	11 I B	12 II B	13 III A	14 IV A	15 V A	16 VI A	17 VII A	18 VIII A														
1	1 H hydrogen 1.008																		2 He helium 4.003													
2	3 Li lithium 6.941	4 Be beryllium 9.012											5 B boron 10.81	6 C carbon 12.01	7 N nitrogen 14.01	8 O oxygen 16.00	9 F fluorine 19.00	10 Ne neon 20.18														
3	11 Na sodium 22.99	12 Mg magnesium 24.31											13 Al aluminum 26.98	14 Si silicon 28.09	15 P phosphorus 30.97	16 S sulfur 32.07	17 Cl chlorine 35.45	18 Ar argon 39.95														
4	19 K potassium 39.10	20 Ca calcium 40.08	21 Sc scandium 44.96	22 Ti titanium 47.87	23 V vanadium 50.94	24 Cr chromium 52.00	25 Mn manganese 54.94	26 Fe iron 55.85	27 Co cobalt 58.93	28 Ni nickel 58.69	29 Cu copper 63.55	30 Zn zinc 65.41	31 Ga gallium 69.72	32 Ge germanium 72.64	33 As arsenic 74.92	34 Se selenium 78.96	35 Br bromine 79.90	36 Kr krypton 83.80														
5	37 Rb rubidium 85.47	38 Sr strontium 87.62	39 Y yttrium 88.91	40 Zr zirconium 91.22	41 Nb niobium 92.91	42 Mo molybdenum 95.94	43 Tc technetium 98	44 Ru ruthenium 101.1	45 Rh rhodium 102.9	46 Pd palladium 106.4	47 Ag silver 107.9	48 Cd cadmium 112.4	49 In indium 114.8	50 Sn tin 118.7	51 Sb antimony 121.8	52 Te tellurium 127.6	53 I iodine 126.9	54 Xe xenon 131.3														
6	55 Cs cesium 132.9	56 Ba barium 137.3	57 La lanthanum 138.9	58 Ce cerium 140.1	59 Pr praseodymium 140.9	60 Nd neodymium 144.2	61 Pm promethium 145	62 Sm samarium 150.4	63 Eu europium 152.0	64 Gd gadolinium 157.3	65 Tb terbium 158.9	66 Dy dysprosium 162.5	67 Ho holmium 164.9	68 Er erbium 167.3	69 Tm thulium 168.9	70 Yb ytterbium 173.0	71 Lu lutetium 175.0	72 Hf hafnium 178.5	73 Ta tantalum 180.9	74 W tungsten 183.8	75 Re rhenium 186.2	76 Os osmium 190.2	77 Ir iridium 192.2	78 Pt platinum 195.1	79 Au gold 197.0	80 Hg mercury 200.6	81 Tl thallium 204.4	82 Pb lead 207.2	83 Bi bismuth 209.0	84 Po polonium 209	85 At astatine 210	86 Rn radon 222
7	87 Fr francium 223	88 Ra radium 226	89 Ac actinium 227	90 Th thorium 232.0	91 Pa protactinium 231.0	92 U uranium 238.0	93 Np neptunium 237	94 Pu plutonium 239	95 Am americium 243	96 Cm curium 247	97 Bk berkelium 247	98 Cf californium 251	99 Es einsteinium 252	100 Fm fermium 257	101 Md mendelevium 258	102 No nobelium 259	103 Lr lawrencium 262	104 Rf rutherfordium 261	105 Db dubnium 262	106 Sg seaborgium 266	107 Bh bohrium 264	108 Hs hassium 277	109 Mt meitnerium 268	110 Ds darmstadtium 281	111 Rg roentgenium 272	112 Cn copernicium 285	113 Nh nihonium 284	114 Fl flerovium 289	115 Mc moscovium 288	116 Lv livermorium 292	117 Ts tennessine 293	118 Og oganeson 294

atomic # → 29 +2,1 ← ions commonly formed
 atomic symbol → Cu
 English element name → copper
 ← atomic mass (rounded) 63.55

☐ Gases ☐ Liquids ☐ Metalloids

lanthanides (rare earth metals)

actinides

Common Polyatomic Ions

ammonium	NH ₄ ⁺¹	perchlorate	ClO ₄ ⁻¹	hydrogen sulfate	HSO ₄ ⁻¹	sulfate	SO ₄ ⁻²	oxalate	C ₂ O ₄ ⁻²
hydronium	H ₃ O ⁺¹	chlorate	ClO ₃ ⁻¹	permanganate	MnO ₄ ⁻¹	sulfite	SO ₃ ⁻²	silicate	SiO ₃ ⁻²
acetate	C ₂ H ₃ O ₂ ⁻¹ CH ₃ COO ⁻¹	chlorite	ClO ₂ ⁻¹	periodate	IO ₄ ⁻¹	phthalate	C ₈ H ₄ O ₄ ⁻²	peroxide	O ₂ ⁻²
hydroxide	OH ⁻¹	hypochlorite	ClO ⁻¹	hydrogen carbonate	HCO ₃ ⁻¹	chromate	CrO ₄ ⁻²	tetraborate	B ₄ O ₇ ⁻²
cyanide	CN ⁻¹	nitrate	NO ₃ ⁻¹	dihydrogen phosphate	H ₂ PO ₄ ⁻¹	dichromate	Cr ₂ O ₇ ⁻²	borate	BO ₃ ⁻³
cyanate	OCN ⁻¹	nitrite	NO ₂ ⁻¹	phosphate	H ₃ PO ₄ ⁻³	carbonate	CO ₃ ⁻²	arsenate	AsO ₄ ⁻³
thiocyanate	SCN ⁻¹	bromate	BrO ₃ ⁻¹	phosphate	H ₃ PO ₄ ⁻³	hydrogen phosphate	HPO ₄ ⁻²	phosphate	PO ₄ ⁻³
		iodate	IO ₃ ⁻¹			phosphate	HPO ₄ ⁻²	orthosilicate	SiO ₄ ⁻⁴

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Table A. Standard Temperature and Pressure			
Name	Values		
“Standard” Pressure	1 atm	760 torr	101.3 kPa
Standard Temperature	0°C	32°F	273.15K
atm = atmosphere			
Torr = millimeter of mercury (mm Hg)			
kPa = kilopascal			
°C = degree Celsius			
°F = degree Fahrenheit			
K = kelvin			

Table B. Selected Units		
Name	Symbol	Quantity
meter (SI)	m	length
centimeter	cm	
kilogram (SI)	kg	mass
gram	g	
Pascal (SI derived)	Pa	pressure
atmosphere	atm	
mm of mercury	mm Hg	
Torr	Torr	
Kelvin (SI)	K	temperature
degree Celsius	°C	
amt of substance (SI)	mol	mole
Joule (SI derived))	J	energy
kilocalorie	kcal	
second (SI)	s	time
liter	L, ℓ	volume
part per million	ppm	concentration
molarity	$M, \frac{\text{mol}}{\ell}$	concentration

Table C. Selected Prefixes			
Factor	Number of Units	Prefix	Symbol
10^6	1,000,000	mega-	M
10^3	1,000	kilo-	k
10^{-1}	0.1	deci-	d
10^{-2}	0.01	centi-	c
10^{-3}	0.001	milli-	m
10^{-6}	0.000 001	micro-	μ (or u)

¹ adapted from: The University of the State of New York. The State Education Department. Albany, NY. 12234. 2002 Edition. Reference Tables for Physical Setting/Chemistry. <http://www.nysedregents.org/testing/reftable/chemref2002.pdf>

Table D. Physical Constants for Water

Freezing Point @ 1 atm	0°C = 273.15 K
Boiling Point @ 1 atm	100°C = 373.15 K
Heat of Fusion	333.6 J/g
Heat of Vaporization	2270 J/g
Specific Heat Capacity (C_p)	4.184 J/g·°C
Freezing Point Depression Constant (K_f)	0.52°C/m
Boiling Point Elevation Constant (K_b)	1.86°C/m

Table E. Vapor Pressure and Density of Water

Temp (°C)	P_{vap} (kPa)	density (g/cm ³)
0.01	0.61173	0.99978
1	0.65716	0.99985
4	0.81359	0.99995
5	0.87260	0.99994
10	1.2281	0.99969
15	1.7056	0.99909
20	2.3388	0.99819
25	3.1691	0.99702
30	4.2455	0.99561
35	5.6267	0.99399
40	7.3814	0.99217
45	9.5898	0.99017
50	12.344	0.98799
55	15.752	0.98565
60	19.932	0.98316
65	25.022	0.98053
70	31.176	0.97775
75	38.563	0.97484
80	47.373	0.97179
85	57.815	0.96991
90	70.117	0.96533
95	84.529	0.96192
100	101.32	0.95475
105	120.79	0.95475

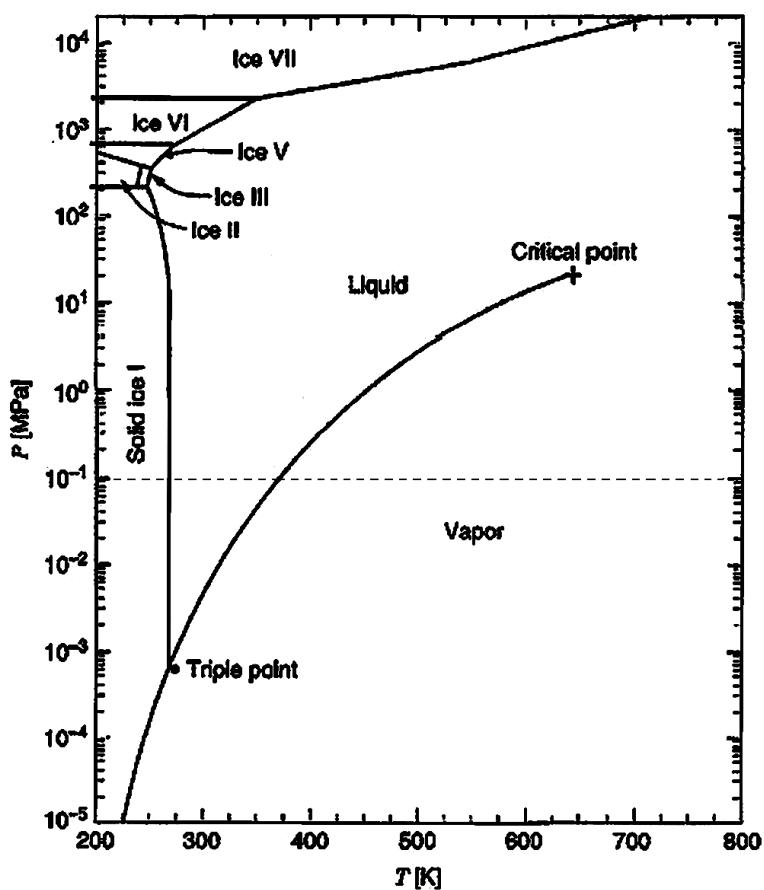
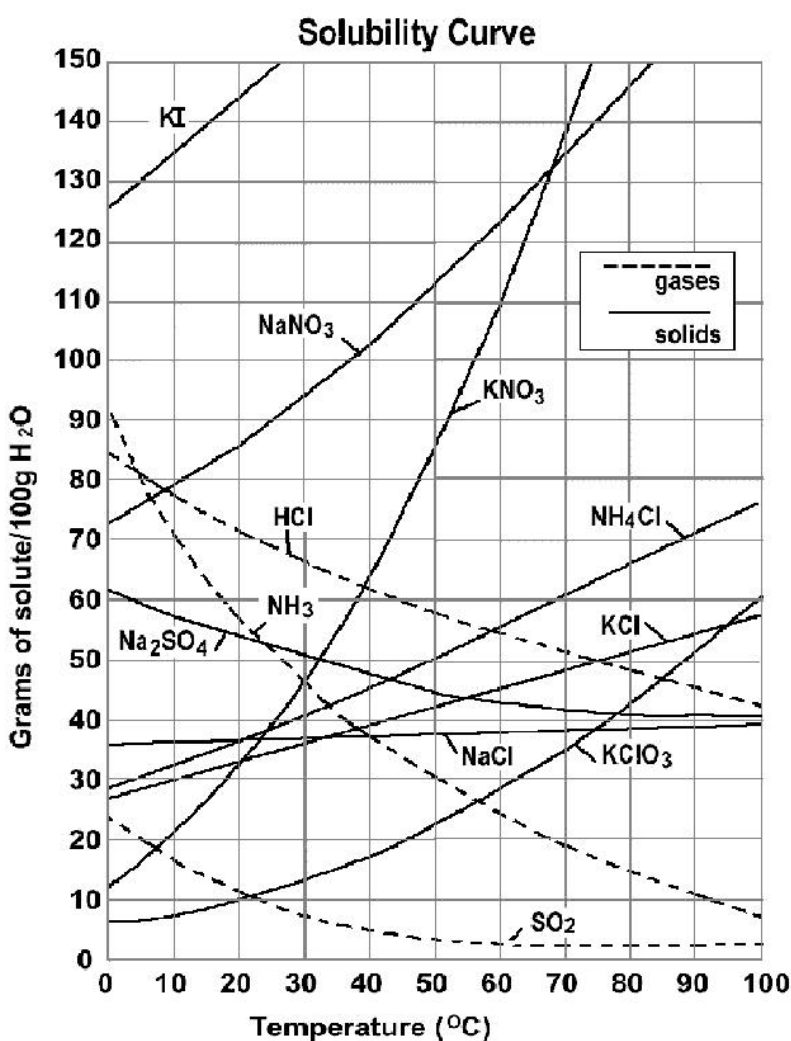
Figure F. Phase Diagram for Water

Table G. Solubility Guidelines			
Ions That Form SOLUBLE Compounds	EXCEPT with	Ions That Form INSOLUBLE Compounds	EXCEPT with
Group I ions (Li^+ , Na^+ , <i>etc.</i>) ammonium (NH_4^+) nitrate (NO_3^-) hydrogen carbonate (HCO_3^-) chlorate (ClO_3^-) perchlorate (ClO_4^-)		carbonate (CO_3^{2-}) chromate (CrO_4^{2-}) phosphate (PO_4^{3-}) sulfite (SO_3^{2-})	Group I ions, ammonium (NH_4^+)
acetate ($\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2^-$ or CH_3COO^-)	Ag^+	sulfide (S^{2-})	Group I ions, Group II ions, NH_4^+
halides (Cl^- , Br^- , I^-)	Ag^+ , Cu^+ , Pb^{2+} , Hg_2^{2+}	hydroxide (OH^-)	Group I ions, NH_4^+ , Ba^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Tl^+
sulfates (SO_4^{2-})	Ca^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Ag^+ , Pb^{2+}	oxide (O^{2-})	

Table H. K_{sp} Values for Some Insoluble Salts at 25°C	
Compound	K_{sp}
MgCO_3	1.0×10^{-5}
PbCl_2	1.7×10^{-5}
BaF_2	2.0×10^{-6}
CuCl	1.0×10^{-6}
PbI_2	1.6×10^{-8}
AgOH	1.0×10^{-8}
BaCO_3	8.1×10^{-9}
CaCO_3	3.8×10^{-9}
SrCO_3	9.4×10^{-10}
AgCl	1.8×10^{-10}
BaSO_4	1.1×10^{-10}
CaF_2	3.9×10^{-11}
Mg(OH)_2	1.0×10^{-11}
Ag_2CrO_4	9.0×10^{-12}
CuI	5.0×10^{-12}
AgBr	3.3×10^{-13}
PbSO_4	2.5×10^{-13}
PbCO_3	1.6×10^{-13}
Mn(OH)_2	4.0×10^{-14}
PbCrO_4	1.8×10^{-14}
Fe(OH)_2	1.6×10^{-14}
AgI	1.5×10^{-16}
Zn(OH)_2	7.9×10^{-18}
FeS	4.0×10^{-18}
HgCl	2.0×10^{-18}
ZnS	1.0×10^{-23}
PbS	8.4×10^{-28}
CdS	3.6×10^{-29}
Al(OH)_3	1.6×10^{-34}
CuS	8.7×10^{-36}
Fe(OH)_3	1.3×10^{-36}
Ag_2S	2.0×10^{-50}
HgS	3.0×10^{-53}

Figure I. Solubilities of Selected Compounds



Number	Inorganic	Organic	Number	Inorganic	Organic
1	mono-	meth-	6	hexa-	hex-
2	di-	eth-	7	hepta-	hept-
3	tri-	prop-	8	octa-	oct-
4	tetra-	but-	9	nona-	non-
5	penta-	pent-	10	deca-	dec-

ion	formula	ion	formula	ion	formula	ion	formula
americyl	AmO_2^{2+}	ammonium	NH_4^+	cyanate	OCN^-	dichromate	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$
carbonyl	CO^{2+}	hydronium	H_3O^+	thiocyanate	SCN^-	imide	NH^{2-}
thiocarbonyl	CS^{2+}	iodyl	IO_2^+	selenocyanate	SeCN^-	molybdate	MoO_4^{2-}
neptunyl	NpO_2^{2+}	nitrosyl	NO^+	tellurocyanate	TeCN^-	peroxide	O_2^{2-}
plutonyl	PuO_2^{2+}	thionitrosyl	NS^+	hydroxide	OH^-	oxalate	$\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$
selinyl	SeO_2^{2+}	phosphoryl	PO^+	iodate	IO_3^-	phthalate	$\text{C}_8\text{H}_4\text{O}_4^{2-}$
selenoyl	SeO_2^{2+}	thiophosphoryl	PS^+	methanolate	CH_3O^-	selenate	SeO_4^{2-}
thionyl / sulfanyl	SO^{2+}	phospho	PO_2^+	methanethiolate	CH_3S^-	disulfide	S_2^{2-}
sulfinyl		acetate	CH_3COO^-	ethanolate	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}^-$	sulfate	SO_4^{2-}
sulfonyl / sulfuryl	SO_2^{2+}	amide	NH_2^-	permanganate	MnO_4^-	thiosulfate	$\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$
uranyl	UO^{2+}	hydroxylamide	NHOH^-	nitrate	NO_3^-	dithionate	$\text{S}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$
vanadyl	VO^{2+}	azide	N_3^-	superoxide	O_2^-	silicate	SiO_3^{2-}
mercury (II)	Hg^{2+}	hydrazide	N_2H_3^-	tetraborate	$\text{B}_4\text{O}_7^{2-}$	borate	BO_3^{3-}
mercury (I)	Hg_2^{2+}	bromate	BrO_3^-	carbide	C_2^{2-}	arsenate	AsO_4^{3-}
		chlorate	ClO_3^-	carbonate	CO_3^{2-}	phosphate	PO_4^{3-}
		cyanide	CN^-	chromate	CrO_4^{2-}	orthosilicate	SiO_4^{4-}

Element	Color	Element	Color	Element	Color
Ba	yellow-green	K	pink	Pb	blue
Ca	orange-red	Li	fuchsia	Sb	pale green
Cu	blue-green	Mg	bright white	Sr	red
Fe	gold	Na	yellow	Zn	blue-green

Ion	Color	Ion	Color
Cu^+	green	V^{2+}	violet
Cu^{2+}	blue	V^{3+}	blue-green
Fe^{2+}	yellow-green	CrO_4^{2-}	yellow
Fe^{3+}	orange-red	$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$	orange
Cr^{3+}	violet [$\text{Cr}(\text{NO}_3)_3$] to green [CrCl_3]	$\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4^{2+}$	dark blue
Ni^{2+}	green	FeSCN^{2+}	red-brown (wine-red to dark orange)
Mn^{2+}	pink	Co^{2+}	pink
Mn^{7+}	purple (e.g., the MnO_4^- ion)	CoCl_4^{2-}	blue
Pb^{3+}	blue-green (Pb^{2+} and Pb^{4+} are clear)	$\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6^{3+}$	purple

Compound	Color	Compound	Color
F_2	pale yellow gas	NO	colorless gas
Cl_2	green-yellow gas	NO_2	brown gas
Br_2	red-brown liquid	metallic	sulfides of transition metals
I_2	dark metallic solid; dark violet vapor	sulfides	tend to be black
S_8	yellow odorous solid	metallic	oxides of colored transition metals
PbI_2	bright yellow precipitate	oxides	tend to be colored
Fe_2O_3	reddish-brown (rust)		

Table O. Common Acids	
Formula	Name
HCl (<i>aq</i>)	hydrochloric acid
HNO ₃ (<i>aq</i>)	nitric acid
H ₂ SO ₄ (<i>aq</i>)	sulfuric acid
H ₃ PO ₄ (<i>aq</i>)	phosphoric acid
H ₂ CO ₃ (<i>aq</i>)	carbonic acid
HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂ (<i>aq</i>) or CH ₃ COOH (<i>aq</i>)	ethanoic acid (acetic acid)

Table Q. Common Bases	
Formula	Name
NaOH (<i>aq</i>)	sodium hydroxide
KOH (<i>aq</i>)	potassium hydroxide
Ca(OH) ₂ (<i>aq</i>)	calcium hydroxide
NH ₃ (<i>aq</i>)	aqueous ammonia

Table R. Common Acid-Base Indicators		
Indicator	pH Range of Color Change	Color Change
bromophenol blue	3.0 – 4.6	yellow–purple
methyl orange	3.2 – 4.4	red–yellow
bromocresol green	3.8 – 5.4	yellow–blue
methyl red	4.4 – 6.2	red–yellow
litmus	5.5 – 8.2	red–blue
bromothymol blue	6.0 – 7.6	yellow–blue
phenol red	6.8 – 8.4	yellow–red
thymol blue	8.0 – 9.6	yellow–blue
phenolphthalein	8.2 – 10	clear–pink

Table P. <i>p</i> K _a Values for Common Acids		
Acid	<i>p</i> K _a	Conj. Base
H ₂ O	15.7	OH [−]
HPO ₄ ^{2−}	12.6	PO ₄ ^{3−}
HCO ₃ [−]	10.2	CO ₃ ^{2−}
NH ₄ ⁺	9.2	NH ₃
HCN	9.1	CN [−]
H ₂ PO ₄ [−]	7.2	HPO ₄ ^{2−}
H ₂ S	7.0	HS [−]
H ₂ CO ₃	6.4	HCO ₃ [−]
CH ₃ COOH	4.8	CH ₃ COO [−]
HCOOH	3.7	HCOO [−]
HNO ₂	3.3	NO ₂ [−]
HF	3.2	F [−]
C ₆ H ₈ O ₇ (citric acid)	3.1	C ₆ H ₇ O ₇ [−]
H ₃ PO ₄	2.2	H ₂ PO ₄ [−]
HSO ₄ [−]	2.0	SO ₄ ^{2−}
HNO ₃	−1.4	NO ₃ [−]
H ₃ O ⁺	−1.7	H ₂ O
HCl	−7.0	Cl [−]
HBr	−9.0	Br [−]
HI	−10	I [−]
HClO ₄	−10	ClO ₄ [−]
H ₂ SO ₄	−12	HSO ₄ [−]

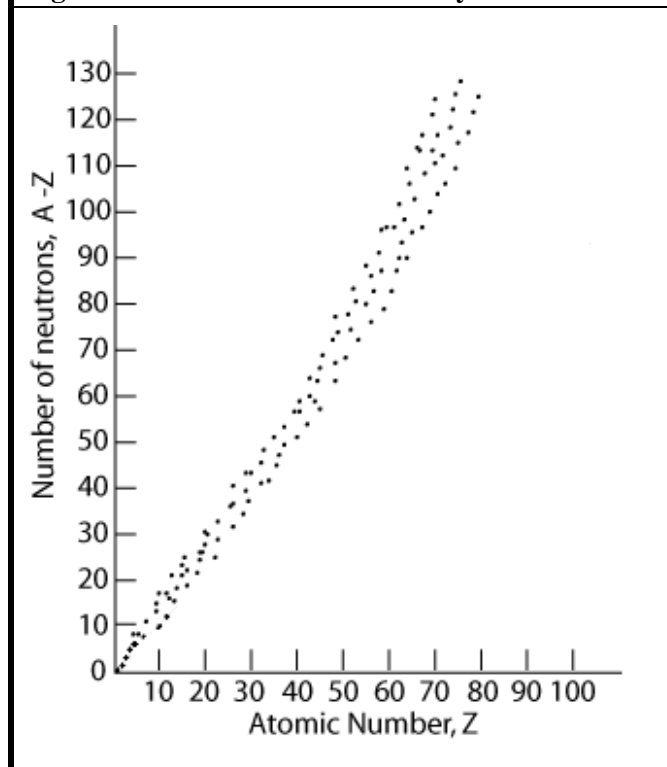
Any acid with a *p*K_a value less than 0 is a strong acid; any base with a *p*K_a value greater than 14 is a strong base.

Table S. Symbols Used in Nuclear Chemistry

Name	Notation	Symbol
alpha particle	${}^4_2\text{He}$ or ${}^4_2\alpha$	α
beta particle (electron)	${}^0_{-1}e$ or ${}^0_{-1}\beta$	β^-
gamma radiation	${}^0_0\gamma$	γ
neutron	1_0n	n
proton	${}^1_1\text{H}$ or 1_1p	p
positron	${}^0_{+1}e$ or ${}^0_{+1}\beta$	β^+

Table U. Constants Used in Nuclear Chemistry

Constant	Value
mass of an electron (m_e)	0.00055 amu
mass of a proton (m_p)	1.00728 amu
mass of a neutron (m_n)	1.00867 amu
Bequerel (Bq)	1 disintegration/second
Curie (Ci)	3.7×10^{10} Bq

Figure V. Neutron/Proton Stability Band**Table T. Selected Radioisotopes**

Nuclide	Half-Life	Decay Mode
${}^3\text{H}$	12.26 y	β^-
${}^{14}\text{C}$	5730 y	β^-
${}^{16}\text{N}$	7.2 s	β^-
${}^{19}\text{Ne}$	17.2 s	β^+
${}^{24}\text{Na}$	15 h	β^-
${}^{27}\text{Mg}$	9.5 min	β^-
${}^{32}\text{P}$	14.3 d	β^-
${}^{36}\text{Cl}$	3.01×10^5 y	β^-
${}^{37}\text{K}$	1.23 s	β^+
${}^{40}\text{K}$	1.26×10^9 y	β^+
${}^{42}\text{K}$	12.4 h	β^-
${}^{37}\text{Ca}$	0.175 s	β^-
${}^{51}\text{Cr}$	27.7 d	α
${}^{53}\text{Fe}$	8.51 min	β^-
${}^{59}\text{Fe}$	46.3 d	β^-
${}^{60}\text{Co}$	5.26 y	β^-
${}^{85}\text{Kr}$	10.76 y	β^-
${}^{87}\text{Rb}$	4.8×10^{10} y	β^-
${}^{90}\text{Sr}$	28.1 y	β^-
${}^{99}\text{Tc}$	2.13×10^5 y	β^-
${}^{131}\text{I}$	8.07 d	β^-
${}^{137}\text{Cs}$	30.23 y	β^-
${}^{153}\text{Sm}$	1.93 d	β^-
${}^{198}\text{Au}$	2.69 d	β^-
${}^{222}\text{Rn}$	3.82 d	α
${}^{220}\text{Fr}$	27.5 s	α
${}^{226}\text{Ra}$	1600 y	α
${}^{232}\text{Th}$	1.4×10^{10} y	α
${}^{233}\text{U}$	1.62×10^5 y	α
${}^{235}\text{U}$	7.1×10^8 y	α
${}^{238}\text{U}$	4.51×10^9 y	α
${}^{239}\text{Pu}$	2.44×10^4 y	α
${}^{241}\text{Am}$	432 y	α

Metals	Nonmetals	
Reacts with cold H ₂ O and acids, replacing hydrogen. Reacts with O ₂ , forming oxides.	↑ F ₂ Cl ₂ Br ₂ I ₂	
		Cs
		Rb
		K
		Na
		Li
		Ba
		Sr
		Ca
		Reacts with steam (not cold H ₂ O) and acids, replacing hydrogen. Reacts with O ₂ , forming oxides.
Be		
Al		
Mn		
Zn		
Cr		
Fe		
Cd		
Does not react with H ₂ O. Reacts with acids, replacing hydrogen. Reacts with O ₂ , forming oxides.	Co	
	Ni	
	Sn	
	Pb	
	H ₂	
Reacts with O ₂ , forming oxides.	Sb	
	Bi	
	Cu	
Fairly unreactive, forming oxides only indirectly.	Ag	
	Hg	
	Au	
	Pt	

Arrows indicate direction from LEAST to MOST active elements. An element can replace any element below itself on the activity series.

Note that the order of elements in the activity series is similar to, though not quite identical with, the order of elements/ions in the table of Std. Reduction Potentials (Table X).

Half-Reaction	E ⁰ (V)
Li ⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Li(s)	-3.040
Cs ⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Cs(s)	-3.026
Rb ⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Rb(s)	-2.98
K ⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ K(s)	-2.931
Ba ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Ba(s)	-2.912
Sr ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Sr(s)	-2.899
Ca ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Ca(s)	-2.868
Na ⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Na(s)	-2.71
Mg ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Mg(s)	-2.372
Be ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Be(s)	-1.85
Al ³⁺ + 3e ⁻ ⇌ Al(s)	-1.66
Mn ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Mn(s)	-1.029
2H ₂ O + 2e ⁻ ⇌ H ₂ (g) + 2OH ⁻	-0.828
Zn ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Zn(s)	-0.762
Cr ³⁺ + 3e ⁻ ⇌ Cr(s)	-0.74
Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Fe(s)	-0.44
Cr ³⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Cr ²⁺	-0.42
Cd ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Cd(s)	-0.40
Co ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Co(s)	-0.28
Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Ni(s)	-0.25
Sn ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Sn(s)	-0.13
Pb ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Pb(s)	-0.13
2H ⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ H ₂ (g)	0.000
S(s) + 2H ⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ H ₂ S(g)	+0.14
Sn ⁴⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Sn ²⁺	+0.15
Cu ²⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Cu ⁺	+0.159
Cu ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Cu(s)	+0.340
Cu ⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Cu(s)	+0.520
I ₂ (s) + 2e ⁻ ⇌ 2I ⁻	+0.54
Fe ³⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Fe ²⁺	+0.77
Ag ⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Ag(s)	+0.800
Hg ₂ ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ 2Hg(l)	+0.80
Hg ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Hg(l)	+0.85
2Hg ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Hg ₂ ²⁺	+0.91
Br ₂ (l) + 2e ⁻ ⇌ 2Br ⁻	+1.07
Pt ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ ⇌ Pt(s)	+1.188
O ₂ (g) + 4H ⁺ + 4e ⁻ ⇌ 2H ₂ O	+1.23
Cl ₂ (g) + 2e ⁻ ⇌ 2Cl ⁻	+1.36
Au ³⁺ + 3e ⁻ ⇌ Au(s)	+1.52
Co ³⁺ + e ⁻ ⇌ Co ²⁺	+1.82
F ₂ (g) + 2e ⁻ ⇌ 2F ⁻	+2.87

E⁰ values at 1M concentration and 1 atm.

Table Y. Selected Properties of the Elements

atomic #	atomic symbol	element name	atomic mass (IUPAC 2005)	Melting Point, °C	Boiling Point, °C	density g/mL	electronegativity (Pauling)	1 st ionization potential (kJ/mol)	Electron Affinity (kJ/mol)	atomic radius (pm)	common oxidation states
89	Ac	actinium	227	1050	3200	10.1	1.1	499	—	—	+3
13	Al	aluminum	26.9815386	660	2467	2.7	1.61	578	42	143	+3
95	Am	americium	243	994	2607	13.7	1.3	578	—	173	+3,4,5,6
51	Sb	antimony	121.76	631	1950	6.69	2.05	834	103	140	+3,5
18	Ar	argon	39.948	-189.2	-185.7	0.00178	—	1521	< 0	98	0
33	As	arsenic	74.9216	817	617	5.73	2.18	947	78	120	±3,+5
85	At	astatine	210	302	337	—	2.2	917	270	—	—
56	Ba	barium	137.327	725	1640	3.5	0.89	503	14	222	+2
97	Bk	berkelium	247	986	—	14	1.3	601	—	170	+3,4
4	Be	beryllium	9.012182	1278	2970	1.85	1.57	899	< 0	112	+2
83	Bi	bismuth	208.9804	271	1560	9.75	2.02	703	92	150	+3,5
107	Bh	bohrium	264	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5	B	boron	10.811	2079	2550	2.34	2.04	801	27	85	+3
35	Br	bromine	79.904	-7.2	58.8	3.12	2.96	1140	324	114	±1,+5
48	Cd	cadmium	112.411	320.9	765	8.65	1.69	868	< 0	151	+2
20	Ca	calcium	40.078	839	1484	1.55	1	590	4	197	+2
98	Cf	californium	251	—	—	—	1.3	608	—	186	+3
6	C	carbon	12.0107	3367	4827	2.25	2.55	1086	122	77.2	±4
58	Ce	cerium	140.116	798	3257	6.66	1.12	534	—	182	+3,4
55	Cs	cesium	132.9054519	28.4	669	1.87	0.79	376	45	265	+1
17	Cl	chlorine	35.453	-101	-34.6	0.00321	3.16	1251	348	100	-1
24	Cr	chromium	51.9961	1857	2672	7.19	1.66	653	65	128	+3,2,6
27	Co	cobalt	58.933195	1495	2870	8.9	1.88	760	64	125	+2,3
112	Cn	copernicium	285	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
29	Cu	copper	63.546	1083	2567	8.96	1.9	745	120	128	+2,1
96	Cm	curium	247	1340	—	13.5	1.3	581	—	174	+3
110	Ds	darmstadtium	281	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
105	Db	dubnium	262	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
66	Dy	dysprosium	162.5	1412	2567	8.55	1.22	573	—	178	+3
99	Es	einsteinium	252	—	—	—	1.3	619	—	186	+3
68	Er	erbium	167.259	1529	2868	9.07	1.24	589	—	176	+3
63	Eu	europium	151.964	822	1529	5.24	—	547	—	208	+3,2
100	Fm	fermium	257	—	—	—	1.3	627	—	—	+3
9	F	fluorine	18.9984032	-219.8	-188.1	0.0017	3.98	1681	328	72	-1
87	Fr	francium	223	27	677	—	0.7	380	44	—	+1
64	Gd	gadolinium	157.25	1313	3273	7.9	1.2	593	—	180	+3
31	Ga	gallium	69.723	29.8	2403	5.9	1.81	579	29	135	+3
32	Ge	germanium	72.64	947.4	2830	5.32	2.01	762	119	122.3	+4,2
79	Au	gold	196.966569	1064	3080	19.3	2.54	890	223	144	+3,1
72	Hf	hafnium	178.49	2227	4600	13.3	1.3	659	0	159	+4
108	Hs	hassium	277	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2	He	helium	4.002602	-272.2	-268.9	0.000179	—	2372	<0	31	0
67	Ho	holmium	164.93032	1474	2700	8.8	1.23	581	—	176	+3
1	H	hydrogen	1.00794	-259.1	-252.9	0.0000699	2.2	1312	72	37.1	±1
49	In	indium	114.818	156.6	2080	7.31	1.78	558	29	167	+3
53	I	iodine	126.90447	113.5	184	4.93	2.66	1008	295	133	-1,+5,7
77	Ir	iridium	192.217	2410	4130	22.4	2.2	878	151	136	+4,3,6
26	Fe	iron	55.845	1535	2750	7.86	1.83	762	15	126	+3,2

atomic #	atomic symbol	element name	atomic mass (IUPAC 2005)	Melting Point, °C	Boiling Point, °C	density g/mL	electronegativity (Pauling)	1 st ionization potential (kJ/mol)	Electron Affinity (kJ/mol)	atomic radius (pm)	common oxidation states
114	Fl	flerovium	289	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
36	Kr	krypton	83.798	-157	-152	0.00374	3	1351	< 0	112	0
57	La	lanthanum	138.90547	920	3454	6.15	1.1	538	48	187	+3
103	Lr	lawrencium	262	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	+3
82	Pb	lead	207.2	327.5	1740	11.4	2.33	716	35	146	+2,4
116	Lv	livermorium	292	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3	Li	lithium	6.941	180.5	1342	0.543	0.98	520	60	152	+1
71	Lu	lutetium	174.967	1663	3402	9.84	1.27	524	—	174	+3
12	Mg	magnesium	24.305	649	1090	1.74	1.31	738	< 0	160	+2
25	Mn	manganese	54.938045	1244	1962	7.43	1.55	717	< 0	127	+2,3,4,6,7
109	Mt	meitnerium	268	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
101	Md	mendelevium	258	—	—	—	1.3	635	—	—	+3,2
80	Hg	mercury	200.59	-38.9	357	13.5	2	1007	< 0	151	+2,1
42	Mo	molybdenum	95.94	2617	4612	10.2	2.16	684	72	139	+6,3,5
60	Nd	neodymium	144.242	1016	3127	7	1.14	533	—	181	+3
10	Ne	neon	20.1797	-248	-248.7	0.0009	—	2081	< 0	71	0
93	Np	neptunium	237	640	3900	20.2	1.36	605	—	155	+5,3,4,6
28	Ni	nickel	58.6934	1453	2730	8.9	1.91	737	112	124	+2,3
41	Nb	niobium	92.90638	2468	4742	8.57	1.6	652	87	146	+5,3
7	N	nitrogen	14.0067	-209.9	-195.8	0.00125	3.04	1402	< 0	70	-3
102	No	nobelium	259	—	—	—	1.3	642	—	—	+2,3
76	Os	osmium	190.23	3045	5030	22.6	2.2	839	106	135	+4,6,8
8	O	oxygen	15.9994	-218.4	-183	0.00143	3.44	1314	141	73	-2
46	Pd	palladium	106.42	1554	3140	12	2.2	804	54	137	+2,4
15	P	phosphorus	30.973762	44.1	280	1.82	2.19	1012	72	110	-3
78	Pt	platinum	195.084	1772	3827	21.4	2.28	868	206	139	+4,2
94	Pu	plutonium	239	641	3232	19.8	1.28	585	—	159	+4,3,5,6
84	Po	polonium	209	254	962	9.32	2	812	183	168	+4,2
19	K	potassium	39.0983	63.25	760	0.86	0.82	419	48	227	+1
59	Pr	praseodymium	140.90765	931	3017	6.77	1.13	527	—	182	+3,4
61	Pm	promethium	145	1042	3000	7.26	—	535	—	183	+3
91	Pa	protactinium	231.03588	1570	4000	15.4	1.5	568	—	163	+5,4
88	Ra	radium	226	700	1140	5	0.9	509	—	—	+2
86	Rn	radon	222	-71	-61.8	0.00973	—	1037	< 0	—	0
75	Re	rhenium	186.207	3180	5600	21	1.9	760	14	137	+7,4,6
45	Rh	rhodium	102.9055	1966	3727	12.4	2.28	720	110	134	+3,4,6
111	Rg	roentgenium	272	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
37	Rb	rubidium	85.4678	38.9	686	1.53	0.82	403	47	248	+1
44	Ru	ruthenium	101.07	2310	3900	12.4	2.2	710	101	134	+4,3,6,8
104	Rf	rutherfordium	261	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
62	Sm	samarium	150.36	1074	1794	7.52	1.17	545	—	180	+3,2
21	Sc	scandium	44.955912	1541	2832	2.99	1.36	633	18	162	+3
106	Sg	seaborgium	266	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
34	Se	selenium	78.96	217	685	4.79	2.55	941	195	119	+4,-2,+6
14	Si	silicon	28.0855	1410	2355	2.33	1.9	787	134	117.6	+4
47	Ag	silver	107.8682	962	2212	10.5	1.93	731	125	144	+1
11	Na	sodium	22.98976928	97.8	883	0.971	0.93	496	53	186	+1
38	Sr	strontium	87.62	769	1384	2.54	0.95	549	11	215	+2

atomic #	atomic symbol	element name	atomic mass (IUPAC 2005)	Melting Point, °C	Boiling Point, °C	density g/mL	electronegativity (Pauling)	1 st ionization potential (kJ/mol)	Electron Affinity (kJ/mol)	atomic radius (pm)	common oxidation states
16	S	sulfur	32.065	112.8	444.7	2.07	2.58	1000	201	103	-2
73	Ta	tantalum	180.94788	2996	5425	16.6	1.5	761	31	146	+5
43	Tc	technetium	98	2172	4877	11.5	1.9	702	53	136	+7,4,6
52	Te	tellurium	127.6	449.5	989.8	6.24	2.1	869	190	142	+4,6,-2
65	Tb	terbium	158.92535	1365	3230	8.23	—	569	—	177	+3,4
81	Tl	thallium	204.3833	303	1457	11.9	1.62	589	19	170	+1,3
90	Th	thorium	232.03806	1750	4790	11.7	1.3	587	—	179	+4
69	Tm	thulium	168.93421	1545	1950	9.32	1.25	597	—	176	+3,2
50	Sn	tin	118.71	232	2270	7.31	1.96	709	107	140.5	+4,2
22	Ti	titanium	47.867	1660	3287	4.54	1.54	659	8	147	+4,3,2
74	W	tungsten	183.84	3410	5660	19.3	2.36	770	83	139	+6,4
118	Uuo	ununoctium	294	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
115	Uup	ununpentium	288	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
113	Uut	ununtrium	284	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
92	U	uranium	238.02891	1132	3818	19	1.38	598	—	156	+6,3,4,5
23	V	vanadium	50.9415	1890	3380	6.11	1.63	651	51	134	+5,2,3,4
54	Xe	xenon	131.293	-111.8	-107.1	0.00589	2.6	1170	< 0	131	0
70	Yb	ytterbium	173.04	819	1196	6.97	—	603	—	193	+3,2
39	Y	yttrium	88.90585	1523	3337	4.47	1.22	600	30	180	+3
30	Zn	zinc	65.409	419.6	906	7.13	1.65	906	< 0	134	+2
40	Zr	zirconium	91.224	1852	4377	6.51	1.33	640	41	160	+4

Figure Z. Bonding Triangle

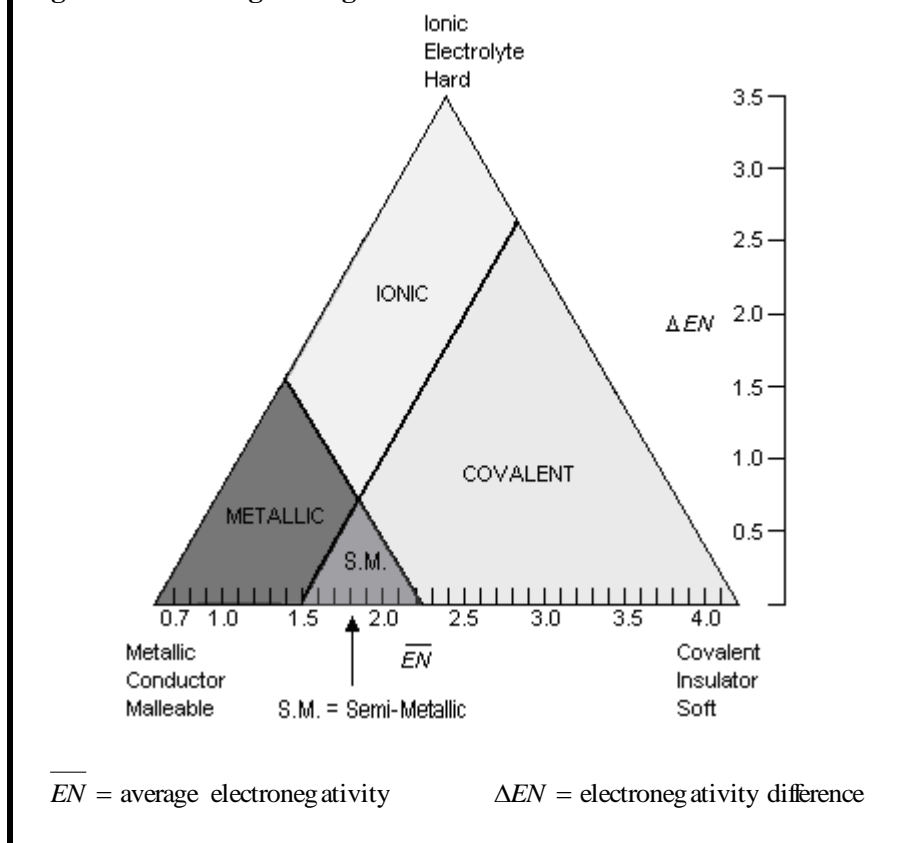


Table AA. Bond Dissociation Energies & Bond Lengths

Values given are *homolytic* bond dissociation energies, meaning that the electrons are divided equally between the two atoms.

Hydrogen Compounds		
Bond	<i>D</i> (kJ/mol)	<i>r</i> (pm)
H – H	432	74
H – B	389	119
H – C	411	109
H – Si	318	148
H – Ge	288	153
H – Sn	251	170
H – N	386	101
H – P	322	144
H – As	247	152
H – O	459	96
H – S	363	134
H – Se	276	146
H – Te	238	170
H – F	565	92
H – Cl	428	127
H – Br	362	141
H – I	295	161

Group VIIA Compounds		
Bond	<i>D</i> (kJ/mol)	<i>r</i> (pm)
F – F	155	142
Cl – Cl	240	199
Br – Br	190	228
I – I	148	267
At – At	116	?
I – O	201	?
I – F	273	191
I – Cl	208	232
I – Br	175	?

Group IIIA Compounds		
Bond	<i>D</i> (kJ/mol)	<i>r</i> (pm)
B – B	293	?
B – O	536	?
B – F	613	?
B – Cl	456	175
B – Br	377	?

Group IVA Compounds		
Bond	<i>D</i> (kJ/mol)	<i>r</i> (pm)
C – C	346	154
C = C	602	134
C ≡ C	835	120
C – Si	318	185
C – Ge	238	195
C – Sn	192	216
C – Pb	130	230
C – N	305	147
C = N	615	129
C ≡ N	887	116
C – P	264	184
C – O	358	143
C = O	799	120
C ≡ O	1072	113
C – B	356	?
C – S	272	182
C = S	573	160
C – F	485	135
C – Cl	327	177
C – Br	285	194
C – I	213	214
Si – Si	222	233
Si – N	355	?
Si – O	452	163
Si – S	293	200
Si – F	565	160
Si – Cl	381	202
Si – Br	310	215
Si – I	234	243
Ge – Ge	188	241
Ge – N	257	?
Ge – F	470	168
Ge – Cl	349	210
Ge – Br	276	230
Ge – I	212	?
Sn – F	414	?
Sn – Cl	323	233
Sn – Br	273	250
Sn – I	205	270
Pb – F	331	?
Pb – Cl	243	242
Pb – Br	201	?
Pb – I	142	279

Group VA Compounds		
Bond	<i>D</i> (kJ/mol)	<i>r</i> (pm)
N – N	167	145
N = N	418	125
N ≡ N	942	110
N – O	201	140
N = O	607	121
N – F	283	136
N – Cl	313	175
P – P	201	221
P – O	335	163
P = O	544	150
P = S	335	186
P – F	490	154
P – Cl	326	203
P – Br	264	?
P – I	184	?
As – As	146	243
As – O	301	178
As – F	484	171
As – Cl	322	216
As – Br	458	233
As – I	200	254
Sb – Sb	121	?
Sb – F	440	?
Sb – Cl ₍₅₎	248	?
Sb – Cl ₍₃₎	315	232

Group VIA Compounds		
Bond	<i>D</i> (kJ/mol)	<i>r</i> (pm)
O – O	142	148
O = O	494	121
O – F	190	142
S = O	522	143
S – S ₍₈₎	226	205
S = S	425	149
S – F	284	156
S – Cl	255	207
Se – Se	172	?
Se = Se	272	215

Table BB. Thermodynamic Data

Standard enthalpy of formation (ΔH_f°) & standard entropy (S°) for selected compounds. Note that standard enthalpy values are in kilojoules per mole, whereas entropy values are in joules per mole-Kelvin.

Substance	State	ΔH_f° ($\frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}$)	S° ($\frac{\text{J}}{\text{mol}\cdot\text{K}}$)
Ag	<i>s</i>	0	42.6
Ag ⁺	<i>aq</i>	105.79	72.7
AgCl	<i>s</i>	-127.01	96.2
AgBr	<i>s</i>	-100.4	107.1
AgNO ₃	<i>s</i>	-124.4	140.9
Al	<i>s</i>	0	28.3
Al ³⁺	<i>aq</i>	-538.4	-321.7
AlCl ₃	<i>s</i>	-704	110.7
Al ₂ O ₃	<i>s</i>	-1675.7	50.9
Al(OH) ₃	<i>s</i>	-1277	
Ba	<i>s</i>	0	62.8
BaCl ₂	<i>s</i>	-858.6	123.7
BaCO ₃	<i>s</i>	-1216.3	112.1
Ba(NO ₃) ₂	<i>s</i>	-992	214
BaO	<i>s</i>	-553.5	70.4
Ba(OH) ₂	<i>s</i>	-998.2	112
BaSO ₄	<i>s</i>	-1473.2	132.2
Be	<i>s</i>	0	10
BeO	<i>s</i>	-599	14
Br ₂	<i>ℓ</i>	0	152.2
Br ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-121	82
C	<i>s</i>	0	5.7
CCl ₄	<i>ℓ</i>	-135.4	216.4
CHCl ₃	<i>ℓ</i>	-134.5	201.7
CH ₄	<i>g</i>	-74.8	186.2
C ₂ H ₂	<i>g</i>	+226.7	200.8
C ₂ H ₄	<i>g</i>	+52.3	219.5
C ₂ H ₆	<i>g</i>	-84.7	229.5
C ₃ H ₈	<i>g</i>	-103.8	269.9
CH ₃ OH	<i>ℓ</i>	-238.7	126.8
C ₂ H ₅ OH	<i>ℓ</i>	-277.7	160.7
C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	<i>s</i>	-1275	212
CO	<i>g</i>	-110.53	197.6
CO ₂	<i>g</i>	-393.51	213.6
CO ₃ ⁻²	<i>aq</i>	-675.23	-56.9
Ca	<i>s</i>	0	41.4
Ca ²⁺	<i>aq</i>	-543.0	-53.1
CaCl ₂	<i>s</i>	-795.8	104.6
CaCO ₃	<i>s</i>	-1206.9	92.9
CaO	<i>s</i>	-634.92	39.8
Ca(OH) ₂	<i>s</i>	-986.1	83.4
Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	<i>s</i>	-4126	241
CaSO ₄	<i>s</i>	-1434.1	106.7
Cd	<i>s</i>	0	51.8
Cd ²⁺	<i>aq</i>	-75.92	-73.2
CdCl ₂	<i>s</i>	-391.5	115.3
CdO	<i>s</i>	-258.35	54.8
Cd(OH) ₂	<i>s</i>	-561	96
CdS	<i>s</i>	-162	65
CdSO ₄	<i>s</i>	-935	123
Cl ₂	<i>g</i>	0	223.0
Cl ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-167.080	56.5
ClO ₄ ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-128.10	182.0
Cr	<i>s</i>	0	23.8

Substance	State	ΔH_f° ($\frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}$)	S° ($\frac{\text{J}}{\text{mol}\cdot\text{K}}$)
Cr ₂ O ₃	<i>g</i>	-1139.7	81.2
Cu	<i>s</i>	0	33.2
Cu ⁺	<i>aq</i>	+71.7	40.6
Cu ²⁺	<i>aq</i>	+64.8	-99.6
CuO	<i>s</i>	-157.3	42.6
Cu ₂ O	<i>s</i>	-168.6	93.1
Cu(OH) ₂	<i>s</i>	-450	108
CuS	<i>s</i>	-53.1	66.5
Cu ₂ S	<i>s</i>	-79.5	120.9
CuSO ₄	<i>s</i>	-771.4	107.6
F ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-335.35	-13.8
F ₂	<i>g</i>	0	202.7
Fe	<i>s</i>	0	27.3
Fe(OH) ₃	<i>s</i>	-823.0	106.7
FeO	<i>s</i>	-272	61
Fe ₂ O ₃	<i>s</i>	-824.2	87.4
Fe ₃ O ₄	<i>s</i>	-1118.4	146.4
FeSO ₄	<i>s</i>	-929	121
H ₂	<i>g</i>	0	130.6
H ⁺	<i>aq</i>	0	0.0
HBr	<i>g</i>	-36.29	198.6
HCO ₃ ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-689.93	91.2
HCl	<i>g</i>	-92.31	186.8
HF	<i>g</i>	-273.30	173.7
HI	<i>g</i>	26.50	206.5
HNO ₃	<i>aq</i>	-174.1	155.6
HPO ₄ ⁻²	<i>aq</i>	-1299.0	-33.5
HSO ₄ ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-886.9	131.8
H ₂ O	<i>ℓ</i>	-285.830	69.9
H ₂ O	<i>g</i>	-241.826	188.7
H ₂ PO ₄ ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-1302.6	90.4
H ₂ S	<i>g</i>	-20.6	205.7
Hg	<i>ℓ</i>	0	76.0
Hg ²⁺	<i>aq</i>	170.21	-32.2
HgO	<i>cr</i>	-90.79	70.3
I ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-56.78	111.3
I ₂	<i>s</i>	0	116.1
K	<i>s</i>	0	64.2
K ⁺	<i>aq</i>	-252.14	102.5
KBr	<i>s</i>	-393.8	95.9
KCl	<i>s</i>	-436.7	82.6
KClO ₃	<i>s</i>	-397.7	143.1
KClO ₄	<i>s</i>	-432.8	151.0
KNO ₃	<i>s</i>	-494.6	133.0
Mg	<i>s</i>	0	32.7
Mg ²⁺	<i>aq</i>	-467.0	-138.1
MgCl ₂	<i>s</i>	-641.3	89.6
MgCO ₃	<i>s</i>	-1095.8	65.7
MgO	<i>s</i>	-601.60	26.9
Mg(OH) ₂	<i>s</i>	-924.5	63.2
MgSO ₄	<i>s</i>	-1284.9	91.6
Mn	<i>s</i>	0	32.0
Mn ²⁺	<i>aq</i>	-220.8	-73.6
MnO	<i>s</i>	-385.2	59.7

Substance	State	ΔH_f° ($\frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}$)	S° ($\frac{\text{J}}{\text{mol}\cdot\text{K}}$)
MnO ₂	<i>s</i>	-520.0	53.0
N ₂	<i>g</i>	0	191.5
NH ₃	<i>g</i>	-45.94	192.3
NH ₄ ⁺	<i>aq</i>	-133.26	113.4
NO ₂ ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-104.6	123.0
NO ₃ ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-206.85	146.4
N ₂ H ₄	<i>ℓ</i>	+50.6	121.2
NH ₄ Cl	<i>s</i>	-314.4	94.6
NH ₄ NO ₃	<i>s</i>	-365.6	151.1
NO	<i>g</i>	+90.2	210.7
NO ₂	<i>g</i>	+33.2	240.0
N ₂ O	<i>g</i>	+82	220
N ₂ O ₄	<i>g</i>	+9.2	304.2
Na	<i>s</i>	0	51.2
Na ⁺	<i>aq</i>	-240.34	59.0
Na ₂ CO ₃	<i>s</i>	-1131	136
NaHCO ₃	<i>s</i>	-948	102
NaCl	<i>s</i>	-411.2	72.1
NaF	<i>s</i>	-573.6	51.5
NaNO ₃	<i>s</i>	-467	116
NaOH	<i>s</i>	425.6	64.5
Ni	<i>s</i>	0	29.9
NiCl ₂	<i>s</i>	-316	107
NiO	<i>s</i>	-239.7	38.0
OH ⁻	<i>aq</i>	-230.015	-10.8
O ₂	<i>g</i>	0	205.0
P ₄	<i>s</i>	0	164.4
PCl ₃	<i>g</i>	-287.0	311.7
PCl ₅	<i>g</i>	-374.9	364.5
PH ₃	<i>g</i>	+5	210
PO ₄ ⁻³	<i>aq</i>	-1277.4	-222
Pb	<i>s</i>	0	64.8
Pb ²⁺	<i>aq</i>	0.92	10.5
PbBr ₂	<i>s</i>	-278.7	161.5
PbCl ₂	<i>s</i>	-359.4	136.0
PbO	<i>s</i>	-219.0	66.5
PbO ₂	<i>s</i>	-277.4	68.6
PbS	<i>s</i>	-100	91
PbSO ₄	<i>s</i>	-920	149
S	<i>s</i>	0	31.8
SO ₂	<i>g</i>	-296.81	248.1
SO ₃	<i>g</i>	-395.7	256.7
SO ₄ ⁻²	<i>aq</i>	-909.34	20.1
S	-	2	<i>aq</i>
Si	<i>s</i>	0	18.8
SiO ₂	<i>s</i>	-910.7	41.8
Sn	<i>s</i>	0	51.6
Sn ²⁺	<i>aq</i>	-8.9	-17.4
SnO ₂	<i>s</i>	-577.63	52.3
Zn	<i>s</i>	0	41.6
Zn ²⁺	<i>aq</i>	-153.39	-112.1
ZnI ₂	<i>s</i>	-208.0	161.1
ZnO	<i>s</i>	-350.46	43.6
ZnS	<i>s</i>	-206.0	57.7

Table CC. Some Common & Equivalent Units and Approximate Conversions

Some Common & Equivalent Units				
Length	1 in (inch)	=	2.54 cm	
	12 in	=	1 ft (foot)	
	3 ft	=	1 yd (yard)	
	5,280 ft	=	1 mi (mile)	= 1,760 yd
Mass	1 lb (pound)	=	16 oz	~ 454 g
	1 ton	=	2000 lb	
	1 tonne	=	1000 kg	
Volume	1 pinch	=	$\leq \frac{1}{8}$ teaspoon	
	3 teaspoons	=	1 tablespoon (Tbsp)	
	2 tablespoons	=	1 ounce	
	8 oz. (ounces)	=	1 cup	
	2 cups	=	1 pint	
	2 pints	=	1 quart	
	4 quarts	=	1 gallon	

Some APPROXIMATE Conversions				
Length	1 cm	~	width of a small paper clip	
	6 in	~	length of a (US) dollar bill	
	1 ft	~	30 cm	
	1 m	~	1 yd	
	1 mi	~	1.6 km	
	0.6 km	~	1 mi	
Volume	1 pinch	~	$\leq \frac{1}{8}$ teaspoon	
	1 mL	~	10 drops	
	1 teaspoon (tsp)	~	5 mL	~ 60 drops
	1 tablespoon (Tbsp)	=	3 tsp	~ 15 mL
	2 Tbsp.	=	1 fl. oz.	~ 30 mL
	1 C (cup)	=	8 fl. oz.	~ 250 mL
	1 qt (quart)	~	1 L	
Mass	1 small paper clip	~	1 gram (g)	
	1 nickel (5¢ coin)	~	5 g	
	1 oz	~	30 g	
	1 pound (lb)	=	16 oz	~ 0.5 kg
	1 ton	=	2000 lb	~ 1 tonne
Speed	60 $\frac{\text{mi}}{\text{h}}$	~	100 $\frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}}$	~ 30 $\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$
Density	air	~	1 $\frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}}$	
	water	~	1 $\frac{\text{g}}{\text{mL}}$	~ 8 $\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}}$
		~	1 $\frac{\text{tonne}}{\text{m}^3}$	~ 1 $\frac{\text{ton}}{\text{yd}^3}$

Table DD. Selected Formulas and Equations				
Density	$D = \frac{M}{V}$	$D = \text{density}$	$M = \text{mass}$	$V = \text{volume}$
Mole Conversions	1 mol = [molar mass] g (molar mass = formula weight = gram formula mass) 1 mol = 22.4 L of gas at 0°C and 1 atm 1 mol = 6.022×10^{23} molecules, atoms, or particles			
Percent Error	% error = $\frac{\text{measured value} - \text{accepted value}}{\text{accepted value}} * 100\%$			
Percent Composition	% composition = $\frac{\text{mass of part}}{\text{mass of whole}} * 100\%$			
Concentration	molarity (M) = $\frac{\text{moles of solute}}{\text{liter of solution}}$		normality (N) = $\frac{(\text{moles of solute})(\text{dissociation factor})}{\text{liter of solution}}$	
	molality (m) = $\frac{\text{moles of solute}}{\text{kg of solvent}}$			
	mole fraction (χ_A) = $\frac{\text{moles of A}}{\text{total moles}}$		parts per million (ppm) = $\frac{\text{grams of solute}}{\text{grams of solvent}} \times 1,000,000$	
Gases	$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2}$ $PV = nRT$	$P = \text{pressure}$ $V = \text{volume (L)}$ $R = 0.0821 \frac{\text{L}\cdot\text{atm}}{\text{mol}\cdot\text{K}} = 8.31 \frac{\text{L}\cdot\text{kPa}}{\text{mol}\cdot\text{K}} = 62.4 \frac{\text{L}\cdot\text{torr}}{\text{mol}\cdot\text{K}}$	$n = \text{moles}$ $T = \text{temperature (K)}$	
Pressure	1 atm = 101.3 kPa = 760 torr = 760 mm Hg = 29.92 in. Hg = 1.013 bar = 14.7 psi $P_A = \chi_A P_T$ $P_A = \text{partial pressure of A}$ $\chi_A = \text{mole fraction of A}$ $P_T = P_A + P_B + P_C + \dots$ $P_T = \text{total pressure}$			
Titration	$N_A V_A = N_B V_B$	$N_A = \text{normality of } H_3O^+$ $V_A = \text{volume of acid}$	$N_B = \text{normality of } OH^-$ $V_B = \text{volume of base}$	
Colligative Properties	$\Delta T_f = imK_f$ $\Delta T_b = imK_b$ $\pi = iM RT = NRT$	$\Delta T_f = \text{freezing point depression } (^{\circ}\text{C})$ $K_f = \text{freezing point depression constant (H}_2\text{O} = 0.52 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C/m})$ $K_b = \text{boiling point elevation constant (H}_2\text{O} = 1.86 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C/m})$ $i = \text{van't Hoff factor (dissociation factor)}$ $m = \text{molality}$ $R = \text{ideal gas constant}$	$\Delta T_b = \text{boiling point elevation } (^{\circ}\text{C})$ $\pi = \text{osmotic pressure}$ $M = \text{molarity (mol/L)}$ $T = \text{temperature (K)}$	$N = \text{normality (mol/L)}$
Acid-Base	$\text{pH} = -\log[H_3O^+]$ $\text{pOH} = -\log[OH^-]$ $\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14$ $K_w = K_a \cdot K_b = 1 \times 10^{-14}$	$K_a = \frac{[H_3O^+][A^-]}{[HA]}$ $K_b = \frac{[H^+B][OH^-]}{[B]}$	$\text{p}K_a = -\log(K_a)$ $\text{p}K_b = -\log(K_b)$	$\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \left[\frac{[\text{base}]}{[\text{acid}]} \right]$
Equilibrium	$K_p = K_c(RT)^{\Delta n}$	$K_p = \text{gas press. equil. const.}$	$K_c = \text{molar conc. equil. const.}$	$\Delta n = \text{change in \# moles}$
Heat	$q = m C_p \Delta T$ $q = m \Delta H_f$ $q = m \Delta H_v$	$q = \text{heat}$ $m = \text{mass}$ $C_p = \text{specific heat capacity}$	$\Delta T = \text{change in temperature}$ $\Delta H_f = \text{heat of fusion}$ $\Delta H_v = \text{heat of vaporization}$	
Thermodynamics	$\Delta G^{\circ} = \Delta H^{\circ} - T\Delta S^{\circ}$ $\Delta G^{\circ} = -RT \ln K$	$G^{\circ} = \text{standard free energy}$ $H^{\circ} = \text{standard enthalpy}$	$S^{\circ} = \text{standard entropy}$ $T = \text{temperature (K)}$	
Electrochemistry	$I = \frac{q}{t}$ $\Delta G^{\circ} = -n\mathcal{F}E^{\circ}$	$I = \text{current (amperes)}$ $\mathcal{F} = \text{Faraday's constant} = 96,000 \text{ Coulomb per mole electrons}$ $n = \text{moles of electrons}$	$q = \text{charge (Coulombs)}$ $t = \text{time (seconds)}$ $E^{\circ} = \text{standard reduction potential}$	
Temperature	$K = ^{\circ}\text{C} + 273.15$ $^{\circ}\text{C} = (^{\circ}\text{F} - 32) * 5/9$	$K = \text{Kelvin}$ $^{\circ}\text{C} = \text{degrees Celsius}$	$^{\circ}\text{F} = \text{degrees Fahrenheit}$	
Radioactive Decay	$A = A_0 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{t}{\tau_{1/2}}}$	$A = \text{amount left}$ $A_0 = \text{original amount}$	$t = \text{total elapsed time}$ $\tau_{1/2} = \text{half-life}$	$\text{number of half-lives} = \frac{t}{\tau_{1/2}}$